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Electronic Health Records in Undergraduate Education

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What people of my (and your) generation are facing ...

“The past 25 years in technology have been the warm-up act. What we are now entering is the MAIN EVENT which is the era in which technology will truly transform every aspect of business, government, education and society of life.”

Carly Fiorina, former – CEO of HP

internet devices in 1984 = 1000
internet devices in 2006 = 600,000,000 ← Crossing the threshold

We are living in exponential times

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pMcfrLYDm2U> (Did you know?)

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Exponential times

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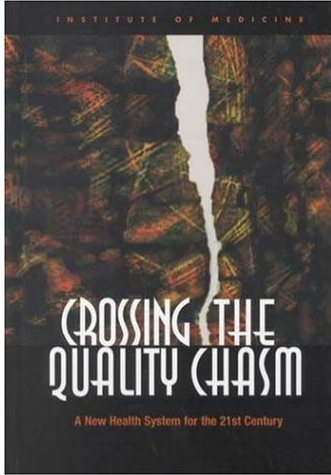
EHR's and UME

1. Meaningful use criteria as discrete curricular elements for the UME as measured in an EHR “playground”
2. EHR's and competency based education (Curriculum registries)
3. Using EHRs to reinforce discrete curricular objectives

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Institute of Medicine



“Education for the health professions is in need of a major overhaul. Clinical education simply has not kept pace with or been responsive enough to ... new information, a focus on improving quality, or new technologies.”

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EMR penetration 2008

- % US Hospitals
 - 1.5 (comprehensive)
 - 7.6 (basic)
 - larger, urban, teaching hospitals = more likely
- Roughly the same for ambulatory practices (early 2008)

NEJM 2009 16;360(16):1628-38. ; NEJM 2008 Jul 3;359(1):50-60

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PHNS Innovative Solutions to Complex Problems

Reimbursement Incentive Eligibility

Physicians - Non-hospital-based physicians and physician groups can expect to receive up to \$44,000 during the incentive period, including \$18,000 the first year, if they have qualifying EHR systems in place by 2011.

The following table shows how the incentives and potential reductions are expected to work from 2010-2017:

First Payment Year	First Payment Year Amount, and Subsequent Payment Amounts in Following Years	Reduction in Fee Schedule for Non-Adoption Use
2011	\$18k, \$12k, \$8k, \$4k, and \$2k	\$0
2012	\$18k, \$12k, \$8k, \$4k, and \$2k	\$0
2013	\$12k, \$12k, \$8k, and \$4k	\$0
2014	\$12k, \$8k, and \$4k	\$0
2015	\$0	-1% of Medicare fee schedule
2016	\$0	-2% of Medicare fee schedule
2017 and thereafter	\$0	-2% of Medicare fee schedule

Note: Physicians in rural health professional shortage areas who adopt EHRs are eligible to receive a 10% increase on the incentive payment amounts described above.

Medicaid incentive may be available based on state funding formula. No reduction on Medicaid payment for non EHR use.

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Literature on EHR and undergraduate education

Research on EMR's for education is in its infancy.

- MESH Headings
 - Education, Medical, Undergraduate
 - Medical Records Systems, Computerized
- Hits = 22 (14 since 2000); 7 directly relevant to EMR (vs handheld computers)

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My first major point ...

and assessed on their ability

↓

*All health professionals should be educated to deliver patient-centered care as members of an interdisciplinary care team, emphasizing evidence-based practice, quality improvement approaches and **informatics**.*

Health Professions Education: A Bridge to Quality. Washington, DC, National Academies Press, 2003.

The mere presence of an EHR will not improve practice quality and will not make education better or more efficient. The EHR is only as good as its user. (Morrow and Dobbie)

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Meaningful use criteria as discrete curricular elements for the UME

Reality of EMR's

- Enables
 - Accountability
 - Transparency

Goal of meaningful use 2011:

“Goal is to electronically capture in coded format and to report health information and to use that information to track key clinical conditions”

Health IT Policy Council Recommendations to National Coordinator for Defining Meaningful Use Final – August 2009
<http://healthit.hhs.gov>

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Meaningful Use: Explicit Criteria

Health IT Policy Council Recommendations to National Coordinator for Defining Meaningful Use
Final- August 2009

Health Outcome's Policy Priority	Care Goals	2011 Objectives		2013 Objectives		2013 Measures	2013 Objectives	2013 Measures
		Eligible Providers	Hospitals	Eligible Providers	Hospitals			
Improve quality, safety, efficiency, and reduce health disparities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide access to comprehensive patient health data for patient's health care Use evidence-based order sets Apply clinical decision support at the 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use CPOE for all orders* Implement drug-drug, drug-allergy, drug-formulary checks Maintain an up-to-date problem list of current and active diagnoses based on ICD-9 or SNOMED 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10% of all orders (any type) directly entered by authorizing provider (e.g., MD, DO, RN, PA, NP) through CPOE* Implement drug-drug, drug-allergy, drug-formulary checks Maintain an up-to-date problem list of current and active diagnoses based on ICD-9 or SNOMED 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report quality measures to CMS including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o % diabetes with A1c under control [EP] o % hypertensive patients with BP under control [EP] o % of smokers offered smoking cessation counseling [EP, IP] o % of patients with recorded BMI [EP] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use CPOE for all orders Use evidence-based order sets Conduct closed loop medication management, including eMAR and computer-assisted administration Record all clinical documentation in EHR Record family medical history Generate and transmit discharge transmittable prescriptions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Additional quality reports using HIT-enabled NCP-endorsed quality measures [EP, IP] % of all orders entered by physicians through CPOE [EP, IP] Potentially preventable Emergency Department Visits and Hospitalizations [IP] Inappropriate use of imaging 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Achieve minimal levels of performance on quality, safety, and efficiency measures Implement clinical decision support for national high priority conditions Medical device interoperability Multimedia support (e.g., x-rays) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clinical outcome measures (TBD) [CP, IP] Efficiency measures (TBD) [CP, IP] Safety measures (TBD) [CP, IP]
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generate and transmit permissible prescriptions electronically (eRx) 						

*The HIT Policy Committee recommends that incentives be paid according to an "adoption year" timeframe rather than a calendar year timeframe. Under this scenario, qualifying for the first-year incentive payment would be assessed using the "2011 Measures." The payment rate and phaseout of payments would follow the calendar dates in the statute, but qualifying for incentives would use the "adoption-year" approach.

Health IT Policy Council Recommendations to National Coordinator for Defining Meaningful Use Final – August 2009

<http://healthit.hhs.gov>

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Millennial students and comfort with technology

"In this generation, we are all fairly computer proficient, and learning how to do this (use and EMR) at a future job probably won't take too long."

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Data capture and sharing

- 2011 Objectives (Low hanging fruit)
 - Maintain/Record/Implement:
 - up-to-date problem list (ICD-9 or SNOMED)
 - active medication list
 - medication allergy list
 - advanced directives
 - smoking status
 - drug-drug, drug-allergy, drug-formulary checks, perform medication reconciliation
 - document a progress note for each encounter
 - capably exchange key clinical information among providers
 - provide clinical summaries for patients for each encounter

Student Tasks (EMR playground)

- Review 12 on-line tutorials
- Add the following to an existing chart on patient
 - Add a problem
 - Add and advanced directive
 - Add a drug to be taken once daily
 - Run a drug interaction search
 - Forward the updated document to me
 - Use the flag function to identify any identified drug interactions, and if so what your plan of action might be

Data capture and sharing

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 - provide clinical summaries for patients for each encounter

Measuring “low hanging fruit” in an EMR playground

15% failed to accurately add structured data

19% failed to appropriately communicate with flag function

26% failed to identify a moderate drug interaction

Med 608
EMR Competency Registry

Student Name	EMR Competency Registry					
	Added problem	Added Directive	Added Medication	Used Flag	ID Drug Interaction	Plan Reasonable
Student 1	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 2	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 3	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 4	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 5	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 6	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 7	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 8	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 9	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 10	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 11	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 12	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 13	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 14	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 15	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 16	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 17	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 18	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 19	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 20	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 21	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 22	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 23	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 24	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 25	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 26	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Student 27	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green

~ 10% of those who identified the drug interaction failed to address the interaction

- As they advance thru training, students will encounter EHR documentation features that without proper training (and assessment of competency) could potentially pose patient safety issues
- Planning for EHR use should be orientated to measurement of standardized knowledge and skills assessments (and integrate into medical school curriculum) as opposed to surveys of students opinions of their experience

Peled JU, Sagher O, Morrow J, Dobbie, AE. PLoS Medicine,6:1; 2009

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RIME applied to EHR competencies

Discrete EHR Competencies	I	II	III	IV	Intern	Residency
Reporter; records/maintains:	I	P	M			
UTD Problem List (ICD-9)	I	P	M			
Active medication list	I	P	M			
Active medication allergy list	I	P	M			
Advanced directives		I	P	M		
Smoking status	I	P	M			

I = where skills introduced into medical education continuum

P = where students are expected to practice skills

M = where some degree of mastery expected

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Discrete EHR Competencies	I	II	III	IV	Intern	Residency
Interpreter; uses/ implements:		I	P	M		
Prioritizes problem list		I	P/M			
Orders with specific structured indications		I	P	M		
CDS tool		I	P	P	P	M
Templated care forms		I	P	P	M	

I = where skills introduced into medical education continuum
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 M = where some degree of mastery expected

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY Advancing Knowledge. Transforming Lives. **RIME applied to EHR competencies**

Discrete EHR Competencies	I	II	III	IV	Intern	Residency
Manager; implements			I	P		M
CPOE		I	I/P	P	M	
Drug-formulary checks			I	P	P	M
E - prescribing			I	P	P	M
Responds to care reminders			I	P	M	
Exchange of key clinical information among care providers			I	I	P	M
Educator	I		P			M
Pt-specific educational resources			I	P	P	M
Provision of clinical summary to patient			I	P	P	M
Generate lists of patients by diagnosis			I	P	P	M

I = where skills introduced into medical education continuum
 P = where students are expected to practice skills
 M = where some degree of mastery expected

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My second major point ..

EHR's and competency-based education

Aims to translate information and new technologies into safe and effective patient-centered care and to assure that a graduating trainee is ultimately capable of handling **“all job related tasks”**.

(Sidhu, Grober et al. 2004)

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“Human memory is increasingly unreliable in keeping pace with the ever-expanding knowledge base on effective care and its use in health care settings.” (Greiner, Knebel et al. 2003).

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Reinforcing curricular objectives – structured data fields

- Inspection and palpation of the anterior chest to identify right and left costal grooves, ribs and sterni. (PC)
- Assessment of the heart to determine rhythm, position of heart sounds, **abnormal S3 or S4** or the presence of rales, **pathologic S4**, murmurs or **pericardial crackles** (e.g. clicks) (PC)
- Assessment of the heart to detect the presence of heart murmurs, when a murmur is present, students should be able to:
 - Identify timing (systolic vs. diastolic, holosystolic vs. ejection), (PC)
 - Describe pitch, location and pattern of radiation. (PC)
 - Grade regurgitant (aortic vs. mitral), volume vs. intensity. (PC)
- Assessment of the abdomen to determine the presence of hepatomegaly, ascites, abnormal pulsations and bruits. (PC)

Differential Diagnosis: Students should be able to generate a prioritized differential diagnosis and recognize specific history, physical exam and laboratory findings for:

- Help support or refute a clinical diagnosis of heart failure. (PC, MD)
- Distinguish between various underlying etiologies of HF, including disease processes that present similarly:
 - Pericarditis (restrictive pericarditis, pericardial tamponade) (PC, MD)
 - Endocarditis (infective [bacterial, fungal, mycotic], endocarditis) (PC, MD)
 - Myocarditis (bacterial, viral, eosinophilic, eosinophilic) (PC, MD)
 - Myocarditis (hypertrophic, restrictive, congestive) (PC, MD)

Laboratory Interpretation: Students should be able to generate specific diagnostic tests and procedures that are commonly ordered to evaluate patients who present with heart failure. Test interpretations should take into account laboratory and diagnostic tests should include, when appropriate:

- 12-lead ECG (PC, MD)
- Chest radiograph (PC, MD)
- B-type natriuretic peptide (PC, MD)
- Stress echocardiography (PC, MD)
- Echocardiography (PC, MD)
- Doppler and wall motion exercise testing (PC, MD)
- Radiolabelled ventriculography (PC, MD)
- Cardiac (PC, MD)
- Coronary angiography (PC, MD)

Case Management Skills: Students should be able to:

- Communicate for diagnosis, prognosis and treatment plan to the patient and his or her family. (PC, CS)
- Identify questions from the patient and his or her family about the management plan. (PC, CS)
- Educate patients about cardiovascular risk factors. (PC, CS)
- Consent patients regarding a volitional restricted diet. (PC, CS)

PC = Found Core CS = Communication Skills
 MD = Medical Knowledge SF = Social-Behavioral Skills
 RL = Practice-Based Learning and Assessment IM = Interpersonal and Professional Skills

Physical Exam

Weight: _____ inches Weight: _____ pounds Temperature: _____ Temp Site: _____
 Pulse: _____ Heart: _____ BP (avg): _____ BP (diast): _____

CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE / CHEST PAIN

Cardiac Objectives

Cardiac Exam Murmur Evaluation CHF Exam Chest Pain Exam

Neck

Jugular Venous Distention: Yes No Hepatogastric Reflux: Yes No
 Carotid Bruit - Right: Yes No Carotid Bruit - Left: Yes No

Heart

Palpation of Anterior Chest:

Lift Heaves: Yes No Tenderness Repeating Pain: Yes No
 Regular Rhythmic: Yes No
 Normal Intensity S2: Yes No Split S2: Yes No
 S3 Yes No S4: Yes No

Murmur: Yes No Murmur Timing: _____
 Murmur Location: _____

Lungs

Crackles: Yes No Decreased Breath Sounds: Yes No
 Lung Consistency: _____

Vascular

Abdominal Aorta Bruit: Yes No Palpable Mass: Yes No
 Pedal Pulses: _____

Diminished/absent DP - Right: Yes No Diminished/absent DP - Left: Yes No
 Diminished/absent FT - Right: Yes No Diminished/absent FT - Left: Yes No
 Peripheral Circulation: _____

Cyanosis: Yes No
 Clubbing: Yes No Normal Capillary Refill: Yes No
 Edema: Yes No

Exam Comments: _____

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Using structured data to measure competencies

Med 608 Curriculum Registry

Student Name	CHF Hx							CHF PE			
	Exercise Intolerance	Sx of Fluid Retention	Why Promote to CHF	Why Sx Now	Hx CHF	ECHO	Fluid Guidelines	Cardiac PE	Pulmonary PE	Peripheral Vascular PE	
# Items/competency	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 1	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 2	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	4	2	5	
Student 3	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 4	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 5	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 6	1	3	3	3	0	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 7	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 8	1	3	3	3	0	1	2	1	2	2	
Student 9	1	3	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 10	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 11	1	3	3	3	0	1	2	4	2	5	
Student 12	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 13	1	3	2	0	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 14	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 15	1	3	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 16	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	2	5	
Student 17	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 18	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	5	2	5	
Student 19	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Student 21	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 22	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Student 23	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	5	2	5	
Student 24	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	4	2	5	
Student 25	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	0	2	5	

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- Documentation of clinical skills via data mining tools with an EHR does not assure (anymore than the written record) that elements of the student – patient encounter were done well.

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Linking knowledge based content to the students workflow

- Delivering curricular information in context
- during the documentation workflow

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Linking knowledge based content to the students workflow

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- The mere presence of an EHR will not improve practice quality and will not make education better or more efficient
- Learning to conduct patient care within the electronic medical record is a complex process that should begin in medical school

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY Advancing Knowledge. Transforming Lives. EHR's

Use to learn

- Trade offs
 - Do CPOE, CDSS and templates enhance or hinder the acquisition of basic history and PE skills, data synthesis skills?
 - To what degree does performance on an EHR system (playground or otherwise) represent learning?

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Use to learn

- When in training should students be taught basic vs. advanced EHR skills?
- What is minimal competence and how should it be assessed?
- To what degree are skills learned on one system transferrable?

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EHR's

Learning to use

- If EHR meaningful use technology is a means to the end →→→ improving health
- Contingent upon educators to prepare (teach and assess) students competencies in this domain

Henry Chueh MD MS MGH, HRSA site <http://www.ahrq.gov/about/annualmtg08/090808slides/Chueh.ppt#256,1,Slide 1>

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Using EHR's to create

Disease Registries

- An organized system ... to collect uniform data (clinical and other) to evaluate specified outcomes for a population defined by a particular disease, condition, or exposure, and that serves one or more predetermined scientific, clinical, or policy purposes

* Giklich, 2007 AHRQ Publication Number 07- HC001-1

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